

MINISTRY OF COMMUNICATION AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY THE REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA

eGovernment Indonesia Update 2015 - 2019

By: Ibenk Dwi Anggono

Diversity of Indonesia



± 251,845,008 Population

The population of the 4th largest in the world



± 17.508 Islands

The largest archipelago in the world



± 1.340 Tribes

Countries with the largest ethnic in the world



± 746 Local Language

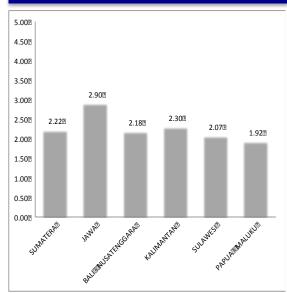
Countries in the world with the most local languages

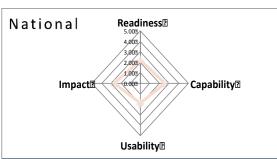
Availability of ICT infrastructure, ICT human resources, quality of public services and economic growth rate varies from one place to another.

overcome the digital divide, improving the quality of services, increase economic growth, and maintain the sovereignty of the Republic of Indonesia.

BACKGROUND: PRESENT CONDITION OF NATIONAL ICT

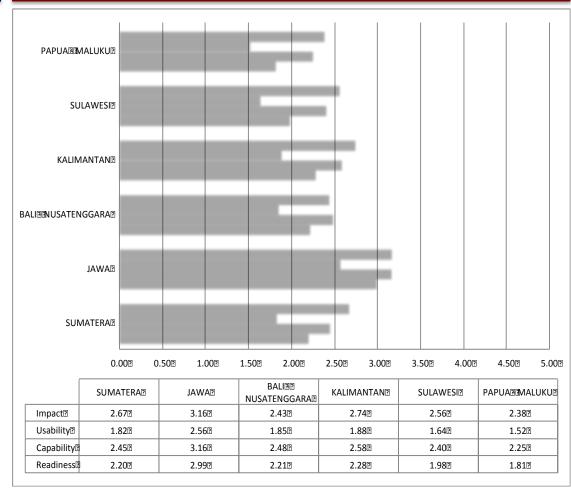
COMPOSITE INDEX ICT PURA





25%	40%	20%	15%	
Readiness	Capability	Usability	Impact _	INDEX
2.26	2.56	1.89	2.69	2.37

COMPONENT COMPOSITE INDEX ICT PURA



Source: ICT Pura, Kemkominfo dan Detiknas, 2012

Current Indonesia



Investments in the field of eGovernment

- In 2013 ICT Investment in Government in Indonesia Reach Rp. 14 trillion (US\$ 1, 2 billion)
 - Inggris \$518 million (2013)
 - Singapore \$800 million** (2013)
 - Australia \$5,97 billion (2013)
- In 2014, ICT investment in eGovernment reaches Rp. 36 Trilion (US\$ 2,8 Billion)

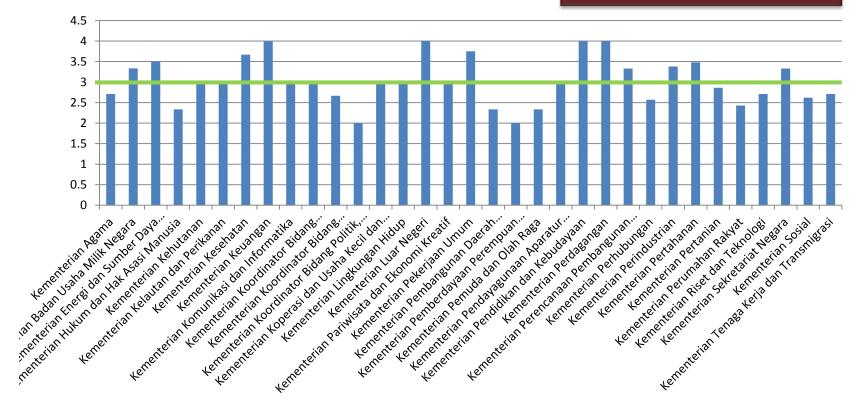
*Prof. Dr. Eko Prasojo in Dies Natalis UI ke-64

**http://www.qassure.com

Source: Detiknas, 2014 & Bappenas

Status Data Center

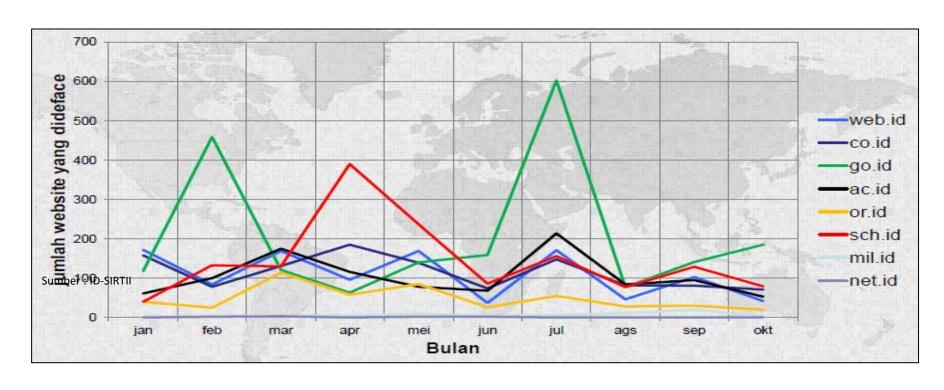
- 1. Do not have the data center
- 2. Having a data center but inadequate
- 3. Having a data center that is adequate
- 4. Having an integrated data center



40% of government agencies that have data center, but only a few are representative.

Source: PeGI, 2013

Indonesian Information Security Status

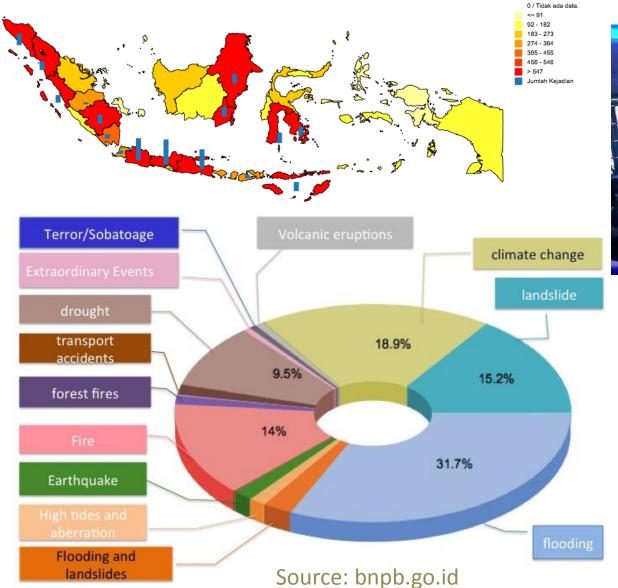


 Internet domain owned by the government is the most frequent attack and uprooted, compared to other sectors.

Essential e-Government Infrastructure Components

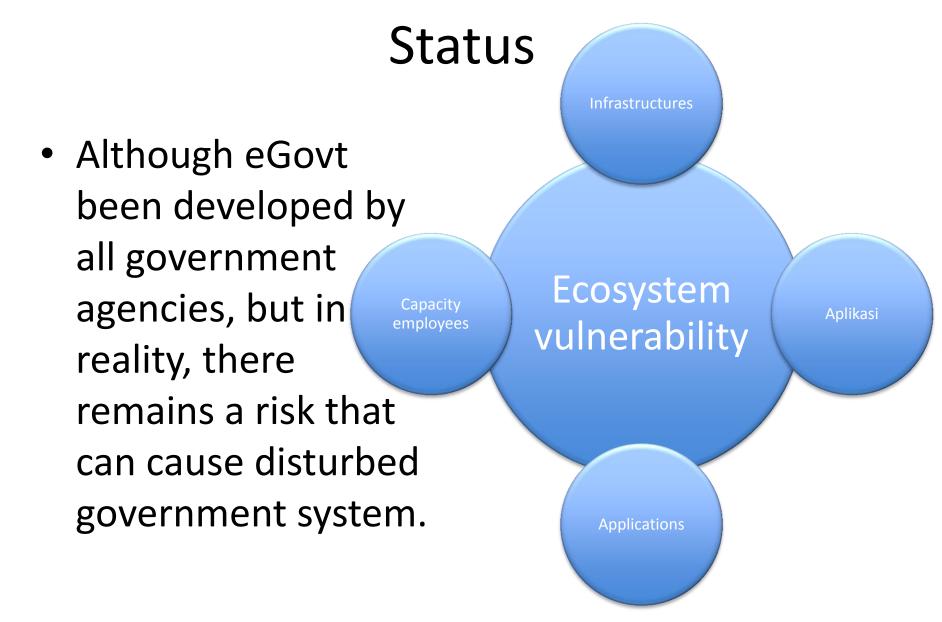
Key Success Factors	As Is	To Be	
Interconnected Government?	No, vertical silos	Yes, integrated	
Secure Government Network?	No, only public Internet	Yes	
Economies of Scale?	No	Yes	
Internal Voice/Video?	No, or limited	Yes, Government wide	
Local Level Bandwidth	128 kbps – 1 Mbps	100 Mbps – 1 Gbps	
Central Level Bandwidth	10-200 Mbps	1-10+ Gbps	
Citizen Facing BW	100 Mbps – 1 Gbps	10+ Gbps	
Network Reliability	Low, many single points of failure	High, redundant topology	
Data Centers	Many, even within a single ministry	Shared central data centers	
Back-up/Disaster Recovery	No	Yes	
Flexible Capacity	No	Yes	
Budget	100% decentralised	Mixed model	
Procurement	Individual, at retail level	Frame Agreements	
Standards	No	Yes	
Interoperability	No	Yes	

Indonesian disaster report (1815 – 2015)





Pilot Project Bandung Command Center



Roadmap e-Government Indonesia

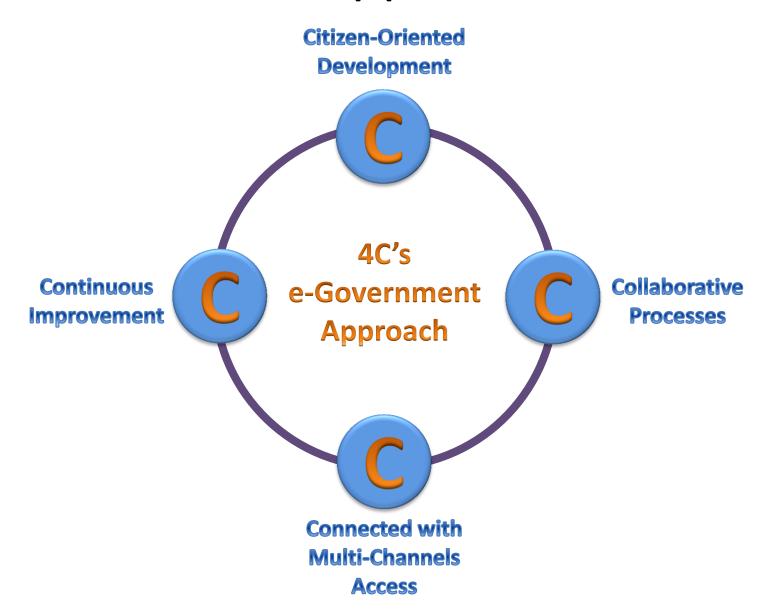
Changes in systemic approach, from a technological approach, becoming the approach of the government bureaucracy.

The Indonesian government is conducting a massive improvement, related to the development and implementation of an electronic-based system of government.

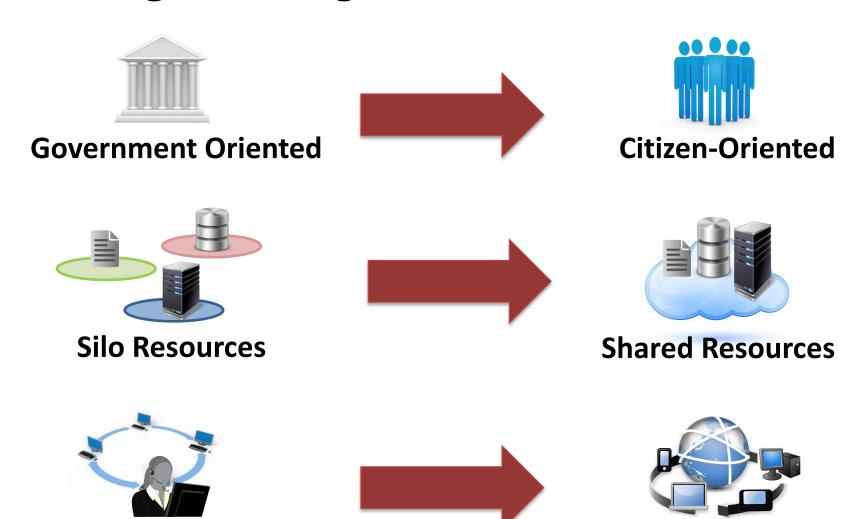
eGovernment has been established as an important part in the bureaucracy reform.



4C's Approach



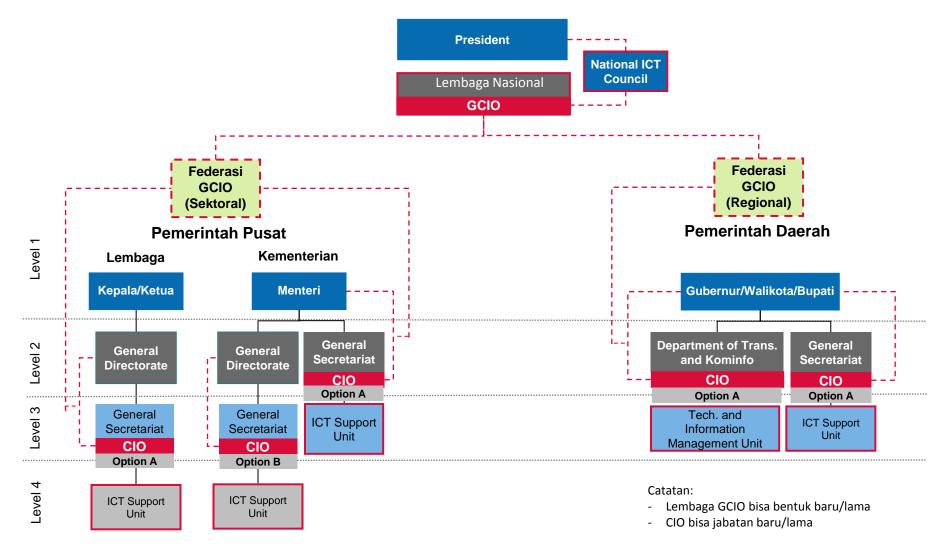
Paradigm Changes in eGovernment



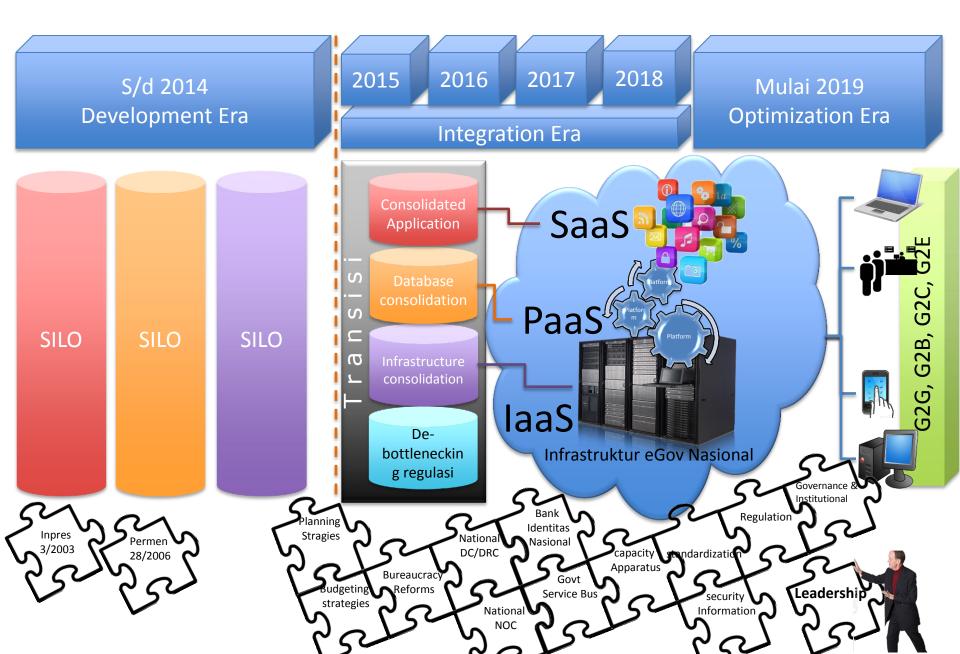
Ubiquitous Services

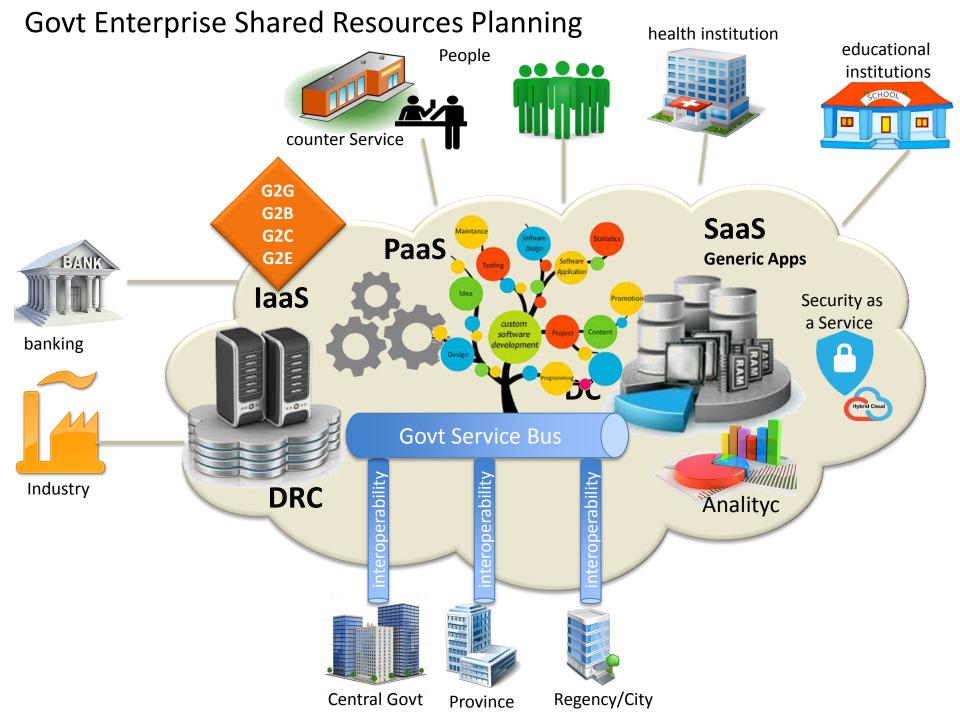
Electronic Services

E-Government Structure



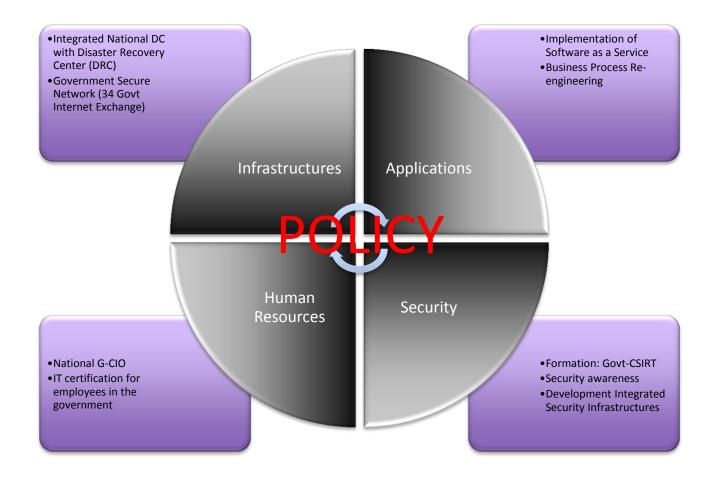
Milestone eGovernment 2015 - 2019



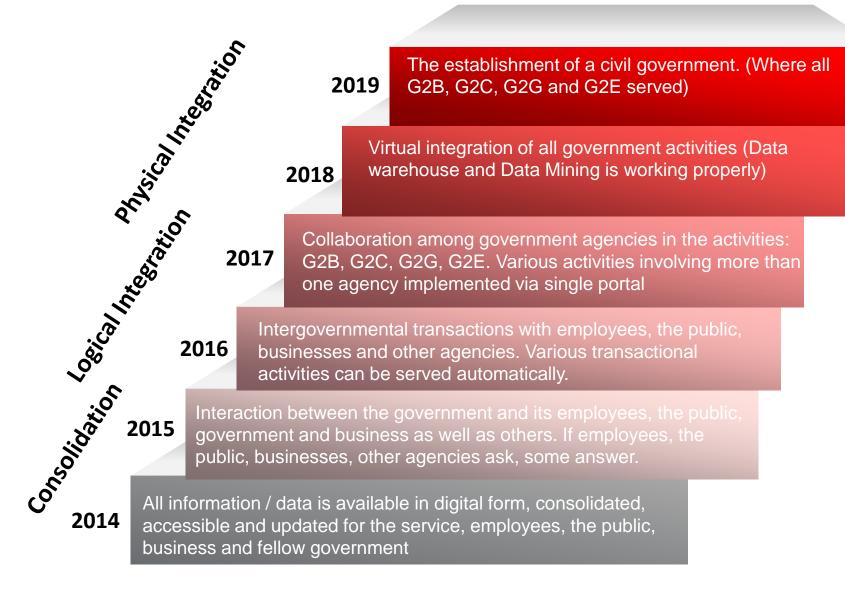


Disaster Risk Reduction

The government made a strategic effort to analyze and reduce the causal factors of disasters.



Roadmap Implementasi E-Government 2014-2019



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